

KAMARAJ COLLEGE (Autonomous)

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(Affiliated to Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli)

(4 Pages)

Reg. No:.....

Question Code: 26E00912

Course Code : 24USB042

UG Degree - End Semester Examinations, April 2026

Fourth Semester

B.Sc., BOTANY

Fermentation Technology

(For those who joined in July 2024 onwards)

Time : 3Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

PART - A (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

Choose the correct answer:

- CO:1 1. State the common method used for sterilizing fermentation media
K:1 in industries:
- (a) Drying (b) Autoclaving
(c) Shaking (d) Filtration by cotton plug
- CO:1 2. What is the role of carbon sources in fermentation media?
K:2
- (a) To serve as a primary energy source for microbial growth
(b) To reduce bacterial contamination
(c) To sterilize the medium
(d) To provide structural support
- CO:2 3. Submerged fermentation is carried out in
K:1
- (a) Solid substrate without free water (b) Liquid nutrient medium
(c) Agar plates (d) Soil medium
- CO:2 4. Fed-batch fermentation helps to
K:2
- (a) Stop microbial growth (b) Prevent substrate inhibition
(c) Reduce aeration (d) Decrease product formation
- CO:3 5. The microorganism primarily involved in bread fermentation is:
K:1
- (a) *Lactobacillus bulgaricus* (b) *Penicillium roqueforti*
(c) *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* (d) *Aspergillus niger*

- CO:3 6. Maintenance of pure cultures is important to:
K:2 (a) Increase contamination (b) Maintain genetic stability
(c) Reduce fermentation rate (d) Alter pH
- CO:4 7. Gluconic acid is industrially produced using:
K:1 (a) *Rhizopus* (b) *Clostridium*
(c) *Aspergillus niger* (d) *Bacillus subtilis*
- CO:4 8. The primary raw material for beer production is:
K:2 (a) Malted barley (b) Molasses
(c) Milk (d) Soybean
- CO:5 9. Amylase is an enzyme that hydrolyses
K:1 (a) Lipids (b) Proteins
(c) Starch (d) Cellulose
- CO:5 10. During bioproduct recovery, centrifugation is mainly used for
K:2 (a) Cell separation (b) Enzyme denaturation
(c) Enzyme synthesis (d) Substrate preparation

PART - B (5 X 5 = 25 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

- CO:1 11. (a) Describe the steps involved in the preparation of a sterile
K:3 microbial culture medium.

(OR)

- (b) Explain how contamination can affect microbial culture preparation and suggest preventive measures.

- CO:2 12. (a) Illustrate the growth curve of microorganisms in batch
K:3 fermentation and explain each phase.

(OR)

- (b) Explain the principles of submerged fermentation with its advantages and applications.

- CO:3 13. (a) Outline the stages involved in curd formation in cheese
K:3 production.

(OR)

(b) Describe how contamination can affect fermented food products.

CO:4 14. (a) Discuss the role of streptomycin in medicine and its method
K:4 of production.

(OR)

(b) Examine the factors affecting yield in industrial fermentation of vinegar.

CO:5 15. (a) Describe the process of protease production under
K:4 submerged fermentation.

(OR)

(b) Illustrate the major steps involved in bioproduct recovery of enzymes.

PART - C (5 X 8 = 40 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 500 words.

CO:1 16. (a) Demonstrate the procedure for sterilizing fermentation
K:3 media using moist heat and explain its significance.

(OR)

(b) Outline the steps required to maintain a pure culture of yeast for continuous industrial production.

CO:2 17. (a) Describe fed-batch fermentation process and state its
K:3 advantages in industrial production.

(OR)

(b) Explain continuous fermentation process and discuss its importance in large-scale production.

CO:3 18. (a) Explain the step-by-step process of bread production using
K:4 yeast fermentation.

(OR)

(b) Discuss various methods used for preservation of industrially important microorganisms.

CO:4 19. (a) Explain the process of beer production and its importance in
K:5 the food industry.

(OR)

(b) Describe the uses of gluconic acid in industry and suggest methods to increase its production.

CO:5 20. (a) Elaborate the complete industrial process for microbial
K:5 production of amylase.

(OR)

(b) Evaluate the challenges involved in large-scale enzyme production and suggest solutions.