

KAMARAJ COLLEGE (Autonomous)

Accredited with A+ Grade by NAAC

(Affiliated to Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli)

(3 Pages)

Reg. No:.....

Question Code: 26E04207

Course Code: 25PMBA17

PG Degree - End Semester Examinations, April 2026

First Semester

M.B.A

Legal System in Business

(For those who joined in June 2025 onwards)

Time : 3Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

PART - A (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

- CO:3 1. Explain the essential elements of a valid contract.
K:4
- CO:2 2. Describe the purpose of the Payment of Wages Act.
K:3
- CO:3 3. Explain the rights and duties of partners in a partnership firm with suitable examples.
K:4
- CO:2 4. Describe the stages involved in the formation of a company.
K:3
- CO:3 5. Explain the objectives of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
K:4

PART - B (5 X 8 = 40 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 500 words.

- CO:3 6. (a) Analyze the difference between Agreement and
K:4 Contract.

(OR)

(b) Apply the remedies available for Breach of Contract.

- CO:2 7. (a) Apply the provisions of the Payment of Bonus Act to
K:3 resolve the issue.

(OR)

(b) Examine the various steps involved in the settlement of an industrial dispute.

CO:3 8. (a) Analyze the grounds for dissolution of partnership
K:3 under the Indian Partnership Act.

(OR)

(b) A purchase a machine relying on the seller's skill. The machine fails to perform properly. Discuss the buyer's remedies.

CO:4 9. (a) Examine the rights of equity shareholders and
K:5 preference shareholders.

(OR)

(b) Analyze the powers and duties of directors under the Companies Act, 2013.

CO:4 10. (a) Analyze the need for Cyber Laws in India in the context
K:5 of increasing online fraud and cybercrimes.

(OR)

(b) The Consumer Protection Act, 1986 has strengthened consumer rights in India. Critically evaluate this statement.

PART - C (1 X 15 = 15 Marks)

CO:5 11. **Case Study:** Ravi purchased a new smartphone from a reputed
K:6 electronics store in his city. Within seven days of purchase, the smartphone started malfunctioning—the screen froze frequently, and the battery drained abnormally fast. Ravi immediately contacted the retailer to request a replacement or repair.

The retailer refused, stating that the gadget was already “used” and that the warranty only covered manufacturing defects for 30 days, but no replacement would be provided. Feeling aggrieved, Ravi decided to file a complaint under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986, claiming deficiency in service and defective goods.

Ravi approached the District Consumer Forum, providing the purchase invoice, warranty documents and correspondence

with the retailer. He seeks either replacement of the gadget, refund, or compensation for inconvenience.

Questions:

1. Identify and explain the rights of Ravi as a consumer in this situation. Which specific provisions of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986, protect him against defective goods and deficiency in service?
2. Evaluate the possible remedies and reliefs that the District Forum can grant Ravi. Discuss how these remedies aim to protect consumer interests and maintain fairness in trade.