

# KAMARAJ COLLEGE (Autonomous)

Accredited with A+ Grade by NAAC

(Affiliated to Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Tirunelveli)

(3 Pages)

Reg. No: .....

Question Code: 26E03407

Course Code : 24UECF21 /  
25UECF21

UG Degree - End Semester Examinations, April 2026

Second Semester

B.Sc. CRIMINOLOGY AND FORENSIC SCIENCE

Criminal Laws

(For those who joined in July 2024 and June 2025 onwards)

Time : 3Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

## PART - A (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

Choose the correct answer :

CO:1 1. Crime is best defined as:

- K:1 (a) A private wrong (b) A moral wrongdoing  
(c) An act punishable by law (d) A civil injury

CO:1 2. The Constitution of India came into force in:

- K:1 (a) 1947 (b) 1950  
(c) 1949 (d) 1952

CO:2 3. Robbery is aggravated when committed by:

- K:1 (a) One person (b) Two persons  
(c) Five or more persons (d) Public servant

CO:2 4. Unlawful assembly consists of:

- K:1 (a) Two persons (b) Three persons  
(c) Five persons (d) Ten persons

CO:3 5. FIR stands for:

- K:1 (a) First Information Record (b) Formal Investigation Report  
(c) Final Inquiry Report (d) First Incident Report

CO:3 6. Charge sheet is filed after:

- K:1 (a) FIR (b) Inquiry  
(c) Trial (d) Investigation

- CO:4 7. Prosecution is represented by:  
K:1 (a) Defence counsel (b) Police  
(c) Public Prosecutor (d) Judge
- CO:4 8. Cognizable offence allows police to:  
K:1 (a) Investigate with court order (b) Arrest without warrant order  
(c) Compound case (d) Close case
- CO:5 9. Compoundable offences:  
K:1 (a) Can be settled (b) Against State  
(c) Serious crimes (d) Non-bailable
- CO:5 10. Dying declaration is admissible because:  
K:2 (a) Written (b) Sworn  
(c) Police record (d) Person won't lie before death

**PART - B (5 X 5 = 25 Marks)**

**Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b).**

**Answer should not exceed 250 words.**

- CO:1 11. (a) Define Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam (BSA) 2023.  
K:2 **(OR)**  
(b) Define Actus Reus and Mens Rea.
- CO:2 12. (a) Explain the Crimes against Public Tranquillity.  
K:2 **(OR)**  
(b) Explain the difference between Culpable Homicide and Murder.
- CO:3 13. (a) Explain the Organizational setup of courts in India.  
K:2 **(OR)**  
(b) Explain the Prosecution Counsel and Defense Counsel.
- CO:4 14. (a) Explain the Compoundable and Non-Compoundable Offences  
K:2 **(OR)**  
(b) Describe the process of summons and warrant trials.
- CO:5 15. (a) Explain the difference between a Confessions and Dying declaration

K:2

**(OR)**

(b) Explain about the Burden of proof.

**PART - C (5 X 8 = 40 Marks)**

**Answer ALL Questions choosing either (a) or (b).**

**Answer should not exceed 500 words.**

CO:1 16. (a) Explain about the Constitution of India, 1950.

K:5

**(OR)**

(b) Discuss the BNS and BNSS.

CO:2 17. (a) Discuss the Crimes against Persons and property.

K:6

**(OR)**

(b) Discuss the legal provisions in the BNS for crime against persons.

CO:3 18. (a) Explain the Powers of the Police.

K:5

**(OR)**

(b) Explain the concept of bail under the BNSS.

CO:4 19. (a) Discuss the Information regarding Cognizable and Non cognizable offence

K:6

**(OR)**

(b) Explain the process of trial for warrant and summary cases under BNSS.

CO:5 20. (a) Explain the significance of Confessions and Dying declaration in criminal cases.

K:6

**(OR)**

(b) Discuss the importance of the Indian evidence act in criminal trials.