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Code No.: 30403 E Sub. Code: AMEC 52

## B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2023

Fifth Semester

Economics — Core

## PUBLIC FINANCE — I

(For those who joined in July 2020 only)

Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Public finance is also called as ———
  - (a) Fiscal economics
  - (b) Fiscal policy
  - (c) Monetary policy
  - (d) None of these
- 2. Scope of public finance includes
  - (a) Public revenue
  - (b) Public debt
  - (c) Public expenditure
  - (d) All of these

	(d) Indirect taxes	(0 × 9 – 25 marks)
4.	Direct taxes have the element of  (a) Evasion (b) Convenient	Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b). Each answer should not exceed 250 words.
	(c) Progressive	11. (a) Bring out the nature of public finance.
5.	In proportional tax system, the rates of tax remain  (a) constant  (b) increasing	(b) What is meant by public finance?
	(c) decreasing (d) zero	12. (a) Briefly explain the need for pu
6.	Which of the following is not a commodity tax?	expenditure.
	(a) Excise duty (b) Customs duty	Or
	(c) Corporation tax (d) Octroi	(b) What are the reasons for the growth of puexpenditure in India?
7.	Public goods are non-rival if	
•	(a) Some people cannot be prevented from consuming it	13. (a) Bring out the sources of public revenue India.
		Or
	(b) Consumption by one person reduces consumption of other individuals	(b) What are the commercial revenue for
	(c) Some people are excluded from consuming it	government?
	(d) All of them can consume it	14. (a) What is meant by progressive
8.	In the following which is the characteristic of a tax	proportional taxes?
	(a) Compulsory (b) Optional	Or
	(c) Forced (d) Nationality	(b) What are the characteristic of a good tax?
9.	Public Debt refers to borrowing by	15. (a) What are the sources of public debt?
	(a) Individual (b) Government	Or

(d) None of these

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The expenditure of the state is called

Public expenditure

Public revenue

Public debt

Private

(b)

(c)

		Or					
	(b)	What is meant by public finance?					
12.	(a)	Briefly explain the need for public expenditure.					
		Or					
	(b)	What are the reasons for the growth of public expenditure in India?					
13.	(a)	Bring out the sources of public revenue in India.					
		Or					
	(b)	What are the commercial revenue for the government?					
14.	(a)	What is meant by progressive and proportional taxes?  Or					
	(b)	What are the characteristic of a good tax?					

(b) Bring out the classification of public debt.

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(b)

PART B —  $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

(b) refusal to repay

borrowing

Repudiation of debt means

redemption

repayment

10.

(a)

(c)

## PART C — $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b). Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

 (a) Distinguish between public goods and private goods.

Or

- (b) Discuss the role of public finance in India.
- 17. (a) Explain the principles of public expenditure.

Or

- (b) Describe the causes of public expenditure.
- 18. (a) Explain the Taylor's classification of public revenue.

Or

- (b) Examine the economic classification of public revenue.
- (a) Discuss the classification of Taxation in India.
   Or
  - (b) Write a short summary on GST reforms in India.
- (a) Analyze the methods of redemption of public debt.

Or

(b) Explain the need for public debt in India.

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