

(7 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 10613 E Sub. Code : CMEC 12

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2023.

First Semester

Economics – Core

STATISTICS FOR ECONOMICS – I

(For those who joined in July 2021 – 2022)

Time : Three hours Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The Latin word 'Status' means
 - (a) Collection of data
 - (b) Presentation of data
 - (c) Political state
 - (d) Data relation
2. Statistical methods are most dangerous tools in the hands of
 - (a) Expert
 - (b) Trained
 - (c) Experienced
 - (d) Inexpert

3. Graphs of time series are called _____.
 - (a) Line graph
 - (b) Histograms
 - (c) Pie diagram
 - (d) Pictogram
4. Classification is the process of arranging data in
 - (a) different columns
 - (b) different rows
 - (c) different columns and rows
 - (d) grouping of related facts in different classes
5. For calculating _____, it is necessary to arrange the data.
 - (a) Arithmetic Mean
 - (b) Geometric Mean
 - (c) Median
 - (d) Mode
6. Calculate Mode from the following data : 25, 36, 25, 30, 32, 25, 32, 37, 40
 - (a) 25
 - (b) 32
 - (c) 40
 - (d) 30

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7. _____ is a graphic method of studying dispersion.
 - (a) Frequency Polygon
 - (b) Band Graph
 - (c) Lorenz Curve
 - (d) All the above
8. When Mean is 79 and Standard deviation is 8. C.V. =
 - (a) 10.12
 - (b) 9.88
 - (c) 87
 - (d) 6.32
9. If $\beta_2 = 3$, the distribution is called _____.
 - (a) Mesokurtic
 - (b) Leptokurtic
 - (c) Platykurtic
 - (d) Skewed
10. When coefficient of skewness is zero, the distribution is _____.
 - (a) J shaped
 - (b) U shaped
 - (c) Symmetrical
 - (d) L shaped

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PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)
Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a brief note on Census method.

Or

(b) Describe the sources of secondary data.
12. (a) Explain the essential parts of a Table.

Or

(b) Construct a frequency polygon from the given data.
Marks : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 70-80
No. of students : 4 6 14 16 14 8 16 5
13. (a) Estimate the value of Harmonic mean from the following data.
Class Interval : 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60
Frequency : 4 6 10 7 3

Or

(b) The mean marks of 100 students were found to be 40. Later on it was discovered that a score 53 was misread as 83. Find the correct mean.

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[P.T.O.]

14. (a) Explain the concept of standard deviation. What are its merits and demerits?

Or

- (b) Calculate the mean deviation from the mean for the following data.

X: 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16

F: 2 2 4 5 3 2 1 1

15. (a) Write a short note on Kurtosis.

Or

- (b) If Mean 40, Standard Deviation 10, Karl Pearson's coefficient of Skewness = 0.5, find Median and Mode.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe the importance and limitations of Statistics.

Or

- (b) Examine the merits and demerits of Sampling method.

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17. (a) Illustrate the types of classification.

Or

- (b) Discuss the merits and demerits of diagrammatic presentation.

18. (a) Calculate the Mode by grouping method from the following data.

Class Interval : 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 70-80 80-90

Frequencies : 5 9 13 21 19 15 8 3

Or

- (b) Compute Median and Arithmetic mean from the following series.

X: 0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30

F: 5 7 10 8 6 4

19. (a) The data relating to the monthly production of a product in two factories are given below.

Factory Monthly production (in tonnes)

A 30 50 45 54 49 53 60 46 41 56 59 45

B 70 120 20 15 130 100 90 80 10 25 95 85

Analyse which factory is more efficient and which factory is more consistent.

Or

- (b) Explain the different methods of measuring dispersion.

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20. (a) Estimate Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness.

Class : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 70-80

f: 11 22 30 35 21 11 6 5

Or

- (b) With the help of diagrams show the types of Skewness and describe the various measures of skewness.