

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 12059 E Sub. Code : AMCP 61

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2024.

Sixth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration — Core

INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

(For those who joined in July 2020 only).

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. In the 42nd Constitutional Amendment 1976, which word was added on the Preamble?
(a) Democratic (b) Equality
(c) Secular (d) Socialist
2. The Constitution of India was adopted by the Constituent Assembly on
(a) 26 January, 1950 (b) 26 January, 1949
(c) 26 November, 1949 (d) None

3. Which article of Indian Constitution is Dr. B.R. Ambedkar called "The heart and soul of the Indian Constitution"?

(a) Article 14 (b) Article 19
(c) Article 356 (d) Article 32

4. Fundamental duties have been added in the Constitution by 42nd Amendment Act, 1976 in accordance with the recommendations of

(a) Santhanam Committee
(b) Sarkaria Committee
(c) Swaran Singh Committee
(d) Indian Gandhi Committee

5. How many fundamental rights are there in Indian Constitution?

(a) 10 (b) 8
(c) 6 (d) 4

6. How long the National Emergency can be imposed?

(a) One Month (b) Three Months
(c) Five Months (d) Six Months

7. Liberty, Equality and Fraternity and borrowed features of which nationality?
- (a) United States of America
(b) French Constitution
(c) Australian Constitution
(d) Ireland Constitution
8. Which part of the Indian Constitution contains the Directive Principles of State Policy?
- (a) Part I (b) Part II
(c) Part III (d) Part IV
9. Which article says that a person who is a member of civil service of the Government of India (Union or State) shall only be removed by the authority who appointed him or her
- (a) Article 311 (b) Article 370
(c) Article 356 (d) Article 352
10. Which Directive Principle has become a fundamental right?
- (a) Right to constitutional remedies
(b) Right against exploitation
(c) Right to Freedom of Religion
(d) None of the above

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PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain Article 311 of Indian Constitution.
- Or
- (b) What is the key element of social contract?
12. (a) What is Article 21 of the Constitution understanding our criminal justice system?
- Or
- (b) What does Article 356 of the Constitution of India provide?
13. (a) What does Article 22 of the Constitution and criminal justice system guarantees?
- Or
- (b) Explain which articles of Indian Constitution are related to citizenship.
14. (a) Which Directive Principles of State Policy given precedence over Fundamental Rights?
- Or
- (b) Write a short note on criminal justice system.

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[P.T.O.]

15. (a) What is the advantage of Article 370?

Or

(b) What is the nature and scope of Fundamental Duties?

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)
Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Does Article 22 of the Constitution and criminal law guarantee some fundamental rights, state any four such rights?

Or

(b) Explain the role of Constitution in the criminal justice system of India.

17. (a) Which is Supreme, Fundamental Rights or Directive principle of state policy? Explain.

Or

(b) Explain the historical development of the Indian Constitution.

18. (a) What are the rights and duties of individuals under the Indian Constitution?

Or

(b) How does the Indian Constitution safeguard the people of the country? Discuss.

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19. (a) Explain briefly, what are the benefits of abolition of Article 370.

Or

(b) What are the federal features of the Indian Constitution? Explain.

20. (a) Explain the salient features of the Constitution of India.

Or

(b) Explain the importance of the Directive Principle of State Policy.

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