

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2023.

Second Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Core

CRIMINAL LAWS

(For those who joined in July 2021 – 2022 onwards)

Time : Three hours Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The Constitution of India came into force in the year _____.
(a) 1947 (b) 1948
(c) 1949 (d) 1950

6. _____ is the lowest level court in the criminal front.
(a) Judicial Magistrate
(b) Civil Court
(c) District Court
(d) Sessions Court

7. Cognizable offences are the offences in which the police can arrest without any _____.
(a) Inquiry (b) Summon
(c) Warrant (d) Investigation

8. _____ is defined under Section 61 of CrPC.
(a) Form of summons
(b) Warrant
(c) Trial
(d) Summary trial

9. Confession is discussed under Section _____ of IEA.
(a) 21 (b) 24
(c) 27 (d) 30

2. The doctrine of actus reus and mens rea is derived from the Latin Maxim _____.
(a) actus reus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea
(b) actus reus non facit reum mens sit rea
(c) mens sit rea non facit reum nisi actus reus
(d) mens sit rea non facit reum actus reus

3. Section 391 of the Indian Penal Code defines _____.
(a) Theft (b) Robbery
(c) Dacoiry (d) Murder

4. According to the Indian Penal Code, the punishment for unlawful assembly shall extend upto _____.
(a) Three months (b) Six months
(c) Nine months (d) Three years

5. _____ of CrPC deals with the provision of defence counsel.
(a) Section 201 (b) Section 203
(c) Section 301 (d) Section 303

10. The Indian Evidence Act applies to all over India except the state of _____.
(a) Delhi
(b) Goa
(c) Jammu and Kashmir
(d) Pondicherry

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a short note on Vices and Sin.
Or
(b) Write a short note on: IPC and IEA.

12. (a) What do you mean by culpable homicide?
Or
(b) Differentiate Riot and Unlawful assembly.

13. (a) Write a short note on the role of Public Prosecutor.
Or
(b) Explain the provision of Bail according to CrPC.

14. (a) Write a short note on Warrant.

Or

(b) Summons-Explain in line with the provisions of CrPC.

15. (a) Explain the provision of Confession in the Indian Evidence Act.

Or

(b) Write a short note on the concept of relevancy and admissibility.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain in detail the history of Criminal Law.

Or

(b) Explain the nature and scope of Doctrine of Actus Reus and Mens Rea.

17. (a) List out and explain the various types of crimes against persons.

Or

(b) Explain crime against property and its types.

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18. (a) Trace out the organizational setup of courts in India.

Or

(b) Explain the provisions pertaining to Search and Seizure in CrPC.

19. (a) Cognizable vs Non-Cognizable Offences - Explain in detail.

Or

(b) Define Trial. Explain the various types of trial.

20. (a) Explain the history of the Indian Evidence Act.

Or

(b) Presumption of fact and law - Explain in detail.

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